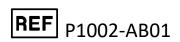


Swine Vesicular Disease Virus Antibody ELISA

An ELISA testkit to detect antibodies against Swine Vesicular Disease Virus (SVDV) in serum or plasma samples





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Gebruik alleen de juiste versie van het protocol die meegestuurd word met de kit.

Please use only the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit.

Verwenden Sie nur die jeweils gültige, im Test kit enthaltene, Arbeitsanleitung.

Si prega di usare la versione valida dell'inserto del pacco a disposizione con il kit.

Por favor, se usa solo la version valida de la metodico técnico incluido aqui en el kit.

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1. Introduction

Swine vesicular disease is an acute, contagious viral disease of swine caused by the swine vesicular disease virus, an enterovirus of the family Picornaviridae.

Fecal contamination is a major source of virus spreads, often within contaminated vehicles or premises.

The virus infects swine as well via direct contact among infected swine, lesions in skin and mucosa, ingestion and inhalation.

Clinical signs of SVDV infection are:

- Fever
- Vesicles in the mouth and on the snout and feet
- Lameness and an unsteady gait, shivering and jerking-type leg movements

Ruptured vesicles can cause ulcers on limbs and feet, and foot pads may be loosened. Young animals are more severely affected. Recovery often occurs within a week. There is usually no mortality connected to SVDS .

2. Intended use of the test kit

This is an direct ELISA with anti-species conjugate. The wells of the microtiter plate are coated with purified inactivated SVDV antigen. Diluted plasma/serum is added to the wells, after incubation for 1 hours at 37°C, the plate is washed. Conjugate is added for 1 hour at 37°C. After washing substrate is added. If the test serum is positive for SVDV antibodies, there will appear a colour reaction first blue and after adding stop solution, a yellow colour shall appear. This is an indication that the test is positive, the serum contains antibodies against SVDV. In case a serum sample is negative, no colour or a light yellow colour will appear, this indicated that there are no antibodies present reactive with SVDV.

3. Principle of the test kit

The principle of the test is based on the reaction of SVDV antigen bound to the solid phase and another monoclonal detecting antibody which detects pig antibodies bound to the viral antigen.

Qualitative

The sample is added (diluted 1:50) to the wells of the coated plate.

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Quantitative

The sample also can be titrated using a 3-step dilution, starting with a dilution 1:50 (\rightarrow 1:150 \rightarrow 1:450 \rightarrow 1:1350).

After incubation and washing, a monoclonal anti-pig IgG antibody conjugate is added. After incubation and washing the bound conjugate can be detected by a color reaction. Color reaction in the wells is directly related to the concentration of the SVDV antibodies in the serum or plasma sample.



4. Contents

- 5 x 12 x 8 Microtiter strips coated with purified SVDV antigen.
- 5 x Strip holder
- 2 x 60 ml ELISA buffer (green cap)
- 1 x 60 ml HRPO conjugated anti-species antibody (red cap)
- 1 x 0,5 ml Positive control (ready to use) (yellow cap)
- 1 x 1,0 ml Negative control (freeze dried) (silver cap)
- 1 x 60 ml Wash solution (200x concentrated) (black cap), dilute in de-ionized water before use!
- 1 x 60 ml Substrate A (white cap)
- 1 x 60 ml Substrate B (blue cap)
- 1 x 60 ml Stop solution (yellow cap)
- 5 x Plastic cover seal
- 1 x User's manual

Supplies needed (not included)

- Round-bottomed microtiter plate
- Validated precision pipettes
- Pipette tips and clean containers/tubes (EVL)
- ELISA plate reader

5. Handling and storage of specimens

The kit should be stored at 4°C.

An open packet should be used within 10 days.

Samples may be used fresh or may be kept frozen below -20°C before use.

After first use ready-to-use controls and/or reconstituted controls should be aliquoted immediately and stored at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this increases non-specific reactivity.

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6. Wash protocol

In ELISA's, un-complexed components must be removed efficiently between each incubation step. This is accomplished by appropriate washing. It should be stressed that each washing step must be carried out with care to guarantee reproducible inter- and intra-assay results. It is essential to follow the washing procedures outlined below. Washing may be done manually or with automatic equipment. Automatic washing equipment usually gives better result.

Manual washing

- 1. Empty each well by turning the microtiter plate upside down, followed by a firm vertical downward movement to remove the buffer.
- 2. Fill all the wells with 250 µl wash solution.
- 3. This washing cycle (step 1 and 2) should be carried out at least 5 times.
- 4. Turn the plate upside down and empty the wells with a firm vertical movement.
- 5. Place the inverted plate on absorbent paper towels and tap the plate firmly to remove any residual wash solution in the wells.
- 6. Take care that none of the wells dry out before the next reagent is added.

Washing with automatic equipment

When automatic plate washing equipment is used, check that all wells are aspirated completely and that the wash solution is correctly added, reaching the rim of each well during each rinsing cycle. The washer should be programmed to execute at least 5 washing cycles.

7. Preparations

- Before using the reagents needed, take them out of the kit and place them on the table for ± 15 min. at room temperature (± 21°C) without exposing them to direct sunlight or (other) heat sources.
- Buffer, controls, standards and conjugates need to be shaken gently before use, in order to dissolve/ mix any components that may have precipitated. Gently tap the vials onto the table, so any fluid still retained in the cap falls back into the solution.
- If fluids need to be mixed into the test well, gently shake by tapping the wells with the fingers or re-suspend with the last pipette tip used for that particular well. Avoid contamination through spattering and prevent any fluid to enter inside the pipette itself.
- Place the reagents back at 4-8°C immediately after use.

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8. Test protocol qualitative

Before starting this test read "preparations"

1. Open the packet of strips and take out the strips to be used. Cover the remaining strips with a part of the provided seal and store them at +4°C. and use them within 10 days.

Wash microtiter strip(s) with washing solution, according to washing protocol.

The washing solutions provided must be diluted 200x in aquabidest (5 mega Ohm) water!

Use validated precision pipettes and use a clean pipette tip **before** pipetting the buffer, control, samples, conjugate and substrate.

- Reconstitute directly before use the negative control (silver cap) in 1,0ml aquabidest (5 mega Ohm water), divide into aliquots, and store after complete dissolving immediately at -20 °C. until, use avoid freeze and thaw cycles.
- 3. Make a three-step dilution of the **positive control** (yellow cap) in **ELISA buffer** (green cap) starting undiluted \rightarrow 1:3 \rightarrow 1:9 \rightarrow 27 in a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).

Example: - Add 180µl positive control to the well 1A.

- Add 120µl ELISA buffer to all other wells 1B, 1C, 1D.
- Transfer 60µl from well 1A to well 1B.
- Mix well and transfer 60µl from well 1B to the well 1C.
- Mix well and transfer 60µl from 1C to the well 1D.
- Mix well and discard 60µl
- 4. Dilute the **negative control** (silver cap) **1:50 in ELISA buffer** (green cap) in a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).

Example: - Add 156μl ELISA buffer to **well 1E**, add 4μl of the negative control to the **well 1E** and mix well.

5. Dilute the sample 1:50 in ELISA buffer (green cap) in a round-bottomed plate (not supplied). Example: - Add 147µl ELISA buffer to row 1F, add 3µl of the sample to the well 1F and

le: - Add 147μl ELISA buffer to row 1F, add 3μl of the sample to the well 1F and mix well.

- 6. Take 2 wells as substrate controls add only 120µl ELISA buffer (green cap) to these wells.
- 7. Transfer $100\mu l$ of all dilutions to the virus-coated microtiter strips, including the substrate controls.
- 8. Seal and incubate for 60 min at 37°C.
- 9. Wash the strips 5x according to the wash protocol see sub 6.
- 10. Add 100µl HRPO conjugated anti-species antibodies to all wells.

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- 11. Seal and incubate for 60 min at 37°C.
- 12. Wash the strips according to the wash protocol $^{\text{see sub } 6}$.
- 13. Mix equal parts of substrate A (white cap) and substrate B (blue cap) with gentle shaking.

 Prepare immediately before use! Only prepare amount needed. Substrate can only be used for 1-2 hours after being mixed.
- 14. Add 100μl substrate solution to each well.
- 15. Incubate 10-15min.in the dark (e.g. cover the wells with a sheet of paper) at room temperature (21°C.). Make sure the negative does not become too dark.

SVDV Antibody ELISA P1002 / 5 plate

16. Add **50μl stop solution** to each well; mix well.

Read the absorbency values immediately (within 10 min!) at 450 nm using 620nm as reference on the ELISA reader. Use the substrate controls as blank.

NB: if you pipet directly into the coated ELISA plate with only a small number of samples (<6), make sure the first dilution is done in round bottom microtiter plate second step can be done directly in the coated Elisa plate.

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9. Test protocol quantitative

Before starting this test read "preparations"

1. Open the packet of strips and take out the strips to be used. Cover the remaining strips with a part of the provided seal and store them at +4°C. and use them within 10 days.

Wash microtiter strip(s) with washing solution, according to washing protocol.

The washing solutions provided must be diluted 200x in aquabidest (5 mega Ohm) water!

Use validated precision pipettes and use a clean pipette tip **before** pipetting the buffer, control, samples, conjugate and substrate.

- 2. Reconstitute directly before use the **negative control** (silver cap) **in 1,0ml aquabidest** (5 mega Ohm water), divide into aliquots, and store after complete dissolving immediately at -20 °C. until, use avoid freeze and thaw cycles.
- 3. Add 150µl **positive control** (yellow cap) to **well 1A** of a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).
- 4. Add 150μl **negative control** (silver cap) to **well 1B** of a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).
- 5. Make a pre-dilution of **each sample** in **ELISA buffer** (green cap) in a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).
 - **Example:** Add 80μl ELISA buffer to **row 1C** and add 20μl of the sample to the well **1C**.
- 6. Take 2 wells as substrate controls add only 125µl ELISA buffer (green cap) to these wells.
- 7. Add for dilution of the **positive control 100μl ELISA buffer** to **1B, 1C, 1D** of the coated microtiter strip.
- 8. Add for dilution of the **negative control 100μl ELISA buffer** to **1F, 1G, 1H** of the coated microtiter strip.
- Add for dilution of the samples 135µl buffer to the other row 2A and 2E.
 And 100µl to 2B, 2C, 2D and 2F, 2G, 2H (depending on the number of samples) of the coated microtiter strip.
- 10. Make a 3-step dilution of the **positive control** in the coated microtiter strip, **starting** undiluted \rightarrow 1:30 \rightarrow 1:90 \rightarrow 1:270.
 - Example: Add 150μl positive control from step 3 to the well 1A of the microtiter strip.
 - Mix well and transfer 50 µl to the well 1B
 - Mix well and transfer 50µl to the well 1C
 - Mix well and transfer 50µl to the well 1D
 - Mix well and discard 50µl.
- 11. Make a 3-step dilution of the **negative control** in the coated microtiter strip, **starting** undiluted \rightarrow 1:30 \rightarrow 1:90 \rightarrow 1:270.
 - **Example:** Add 150μl negative control from step 4 to the **well 1E** of the microtiter strip.
 - Mix well and transfer $50\mu l$ to the next well 1F
 - Mix well transfer 50µl to the next well 1G
 - Mix well and transfer 50µl to the well 1H
 - Mix well and discard 50μ l.

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12. Make 3-step dilution of each sample in the coated microtiter strip, starting 1:50 → 1:150 → 1:150 → 1:1350.



Example: - Add 15μl of each sample from step 5 to the well **2A and/or 2E** of the microtiter strip.

- Mix well and transfer 50 µl to the well 2B and/or 2F
- Mix well and transfer 50µl to the well 2C and/or 2G
- Mix well and transfer 50µl to the well 2D and/or 2H
- Mix well and discard 50µl.
- 13. Add 100µl of the substrate control of step 6 to the last 2 wells of the microtiter strip.
- 14. Seal and incubate for 60 min at 37°C.
- 15. Wash the strips according to the wash protocol see sub 6.
- 16. Add 100µl HRPO conjugated anti-species antibodies to all wells.
- 17. Seal and incubate for 60 min at 37°C.
- 18. Wash the strips according to the wash protocol see sub 6.
- 19. Mix equal parts of substrate A (white cap) and substrate B (blue cap) with gentle shaking.

 Prepare immediately before use! Only prepare amount needed. Substrate can only be used for 1-2 hours after being mixed.
- 20. Add 100µl substrate solution to each well.
- 21. Incubate 10-20 min. in the dark (e.g. cover the wells with a sheet of paper) at room temperature (21°C.). Make sure the negative control does not become too dark.
- 22. Add 50µl stop solution to each well; mix well.

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23. Read the absorbency values immediately (within 10 min!) at 450 Nm by using an ELISA reader. Use the substrate controls as blank.

10. Precautions



- Do not pipette by mouth.
- > Do not eat, drink, smoke or prepare foods, or apply cosmetics within the designated working area.
- > TMB substrate (buffer B) is toxic by inhalation, through contact with skin or when swallowed; observe care when handling substrate.
- Do not use components past the expiry date and do not mix components from different serial lots.
- Optimal, results will be obtained by strict adherence to this protocol. Careful pipetting and washing throughout this procedure are necessary to maintain precision and accuracy.
- Each well is ultimately used as an optical cuvette. Therefore, do not touch the under-surface of the microtiter plate and protect it from damage and dirt.

11. Validation of the test

Qualitative:

- The results are valid if the following criteria are met:
 - The mean value (MV) of the measured OD value for the Positive Control (PC), diluted 1:40, must be ≥0.850
 - The MV of the measured OD value for the Negative Control (NC), diluted 1:50, must be ≤0.400

In case of invalid assays the test should be repeated after a thorough review of the instructions for use.

Calculation

Calculate the mean values (MV) of the measured OD for the Negative Control (NC) and the Positive Control (PC).

The ratio (S/P) of sample OD to mean OD of the positive control is calculated according to the following equation:

$$S/P = \frac{OD_{sample} - MV OD_{NC}}{MV OD_{PC} - MV OD_{NC}}$$

Quantitative:

In order to confirm appropriate test conditions the OD of the positive control, undiluted, should be \geq 0.850 OD units (450nm) and give an endpoint titer of \geq 90.

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The negative control, undiluted, should be lower than 0.400 OD units (450nm) and give an endpoint titer of \leq 30.



12. Interpretation of the test results

This test can be used in 2 ways.

Qualitative: Positive – Negative

- ➤ A sample with the S/P ratio <0.28 is negative.
 - o Specific antibodies to SVDV virus could not be detected.
- A sample with the S/P ratio ≥0.28 is positive.
 - o Specific antibodies to SVDV were detected.

Quantitative: End point titre

- The ELISA titre can be calculated by constructing a curve and using cut-off line(dilution 1:30-90-270 -810-2430 -7290 etc. total 8 dilutions of 3 steps) OD on Y-as and Titre on X-as
- Elisa titres can be calculated using as cut-off 2,5 times OD value of negative control at 1:30.

13. Symbols used with EVL ASSAYS

Symbol	English	Deutsch	Français	Español	Italiano
(ii	Consult instructions for use	Gebrauchsanweisung beachten	Consulter les instructions d'utilisation	Consulte las instrucciones de uso	Consultare le istruzioni per l'uso
(€	European Conformity	CE-Konfirmitäts- kennzeichnung	Conformité aux normes européennes	Conformidad europea	Conformità europea
IVD	In vitro diagnostic device	In-vitro-Diagnostikum	Usage Diagnostic in vitro	Para uso Diagnóstico in vitro	Per uso Diagnostica in vitro
RUO	For research use only	Nur für Forschungszwecke	Seulement dans le cadre de recherches	Sólo para uso en investigación	Solo a scopo di ricerca
REF	Catalogue number	Katalog-Nr.	Numéro de catalogue	Número de catálogo	Numero di Catalogo
LOT	Lot. No. / Batch code	Chargen-Nr.	Numéro de lot	Número de lote	Numero di lotto
\sum	Contains sufficient for <n> tests/</n>	Ausreichend für "n" Ansätze	Contenu suffisant pour "n" tests	Contenido suficiente para <n> ensayos</n>	Contenuto sufficiente per "n" saggi
	Storage Temperature	Lagerungstemperatur	Température de conservation	Temperatura de conservación	Temperatura di conservazione
\square	Expiration Date	Mindesthaltbarkeits- datum	Date limite d'utilisation	Fecha de caducidad	Data di scadenza
***	Legal Manufacturer	Hersteller	Fabricant	Fabricante	Fabbricante
Distributed by	Distributor	Vertreiber	Distributeur	Distribuidor	Distributore
Content	Content	Inhalt	Conditionnement	Contenido	Contenuto
Volume/No.	Volume / No.	Volumen/Anzahl	Volume/Quantité	Volumen/Número	Volume/Quantità

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