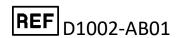


Canine Distemper Virus Antibody ELISA

A monoclonal mediated antibody ELISA to detect IgG antibodies against Canine Distemper Virus in serum or plasma samples





December 2020

Gebruik alleen de juiste versie van het protocol dat meegestuurd wordt met de kit.

Please use only the valid version of the package insert provided with the kit.

Verwenden Sie nur die jeweils gültige, im Testkit enthaltene, Arbeitsanleitung.

Si prega di usare la versione valida dell'inserto del pacco a disposizione con il kit.

Por favor, se usa solo la version valida de la metodico técnico incluido aqui en el kit.

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1. Introduction

For diagnosis of Canine Distemper Virus (CDV) infection or vaccination control, demonstration of antibody titer is the most commonly used method. Antibodies induced through infection or vaccination are caught by the virus, which is attached to the solid phase by use of monoclonal antibodies. IgG antibody titers above dilutions of 1:250 are considered protected. After reaching peak values within two or three weeks, antibody titers fall back to a threshold level at which they persist. Re-exposure results in an anamnestic response.

2. Intended use of the test kit

The CDV ELISA test kit is based on monoclonal antibodies against a common epitope of CDV, which are coated to the solid phase. The Distemper virus is attached to the solid phase by the monoclonal antibody. After the antigen/antibody reaction, the attached antibodies can be detected by use of a polyclonal conjugate.

3. Principle of the test kit

The CDV ELISA test kit is based on the reaction of CDV proteins with CDV antibodies. To this end purified CDV proteins have been coated to a 96-well microtiter plate.

Qualitative

The dog sample is added (diluted 1:150) to the wells of the coated plate.

Quantitative

The dog sample also can be titrated using a 3-step dilution, starting with a dilution 1:50 (\rightarrow 1:150 \rightarrow 1:450 \rightarrow 1:1350).

After washing the bound CDV antibodies are detected by a HRPO conjugated anti-species conjugate. The color reaction in the wells is directly related to the concentration of CDV antibodies in the serum or plasma.

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4. Contents

- 12 x 8 Microtiter strips
- 1 x Strip holder
- 1 x 18 ml ELISA buffer (green cap)
- 1 x 12 ml HRPO conjugated anti-species antibodies (red cap)
- 1 x 0,5 ml Positive control (freeze dried) (purple cap)
- 1 x 1,0 ml Negative control (freeze dried) (silver cap)
- 1 x 20 ml Wash solution (200x concentrated) (black cap), dilute in de-ionized water before use!
- 1 x 8 ml Substrate A (white cap)
- 1 x 8 ml Substrate B (blue cap)
- 1 x 8 ml Stop solution (yellow cap)
- 1 x Plastic cover seal
- 1 x User's manual

Supplies needed (not included)

- Round-bottomed microtiter plate
- Validated precision pipettes
- Pipette tips and clean containers/tubes (EVL)
- ELISA plate reader

5. Handling and storage of specimens

The kit should be stored at 4°C.

An open packet should be used within 10 days.

Samples may be used fresh or may be kept frozen below -20°C before use.

After first use ready-to-use controls and/or reconstituted controls should be aliquoted immediately and stored at -20°C.

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing as this increases non-specific reactivity.

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6. Wash protocol

In ELISA's, un-complexed components must be removed efficiently between each incubation step. This is accomplished by appropriate washing. It should be stressed that each washing step must be carried out with care to guarantee reproducible inter- and intra-assay results. It is essential to follow the washing procedures outlined below. Washing may be done manually or with automatic equipment. Automatic washing equipment usually gives better result.

Manual washing

- 1. Empty each well by turning the microtiter plate upside down, followed by a firm vertical downward movement to remove the buffer.
- 2. Fill all the wells with 250 µl wash solution.
- 3. This washing cycle (step 1 and 2) should be carried out at least 5 times.
- 4. Turn the plate upside down and empty the wells with a firm vertical movement.
- 5. Place the inverted plate on absorbent paper towels and tap the plate firmly to remove any residual wash solution in the wells.
- 6. Take care that none of the wells dry out before the next reagent is added.

Washing with automatic equipment

When automatic plate washing equipment is used, check that all wells are aspirated completely and that the wash solution is correctly added, reaching the rim of each well during each rinsing cycle. The washer should be programmed to execute at least 5 washing cycles.

7. Preparations

- Before using the reagents needed, take them out of the kit and place them on the table for ± 15 min. at room temperature (± 21°C) without exposing them to direct sunlight or (other) heat sources
- Buffer, controls, standards and conjugates need to be shaken gently before use, in order to dissolve/ mix any components that may have precipitated. Gently tap the vials onto the table, so any fluid still retained in the cap falls back into the solution.
- If fluids need to be mixed into the test well, gently shake by tapping the wells with the fingers or re-suspend with the last pipette tip used for that particular well. Avoid contamination through spattering and prevent any fluid to enter inside the pipette itself.
- Place the reagents back at 4-8°C immediately after use.

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8. Test protocol qualitative

Before starting this test read "preparations"

1. Open the packet of strips and take out the strips to be used. Cover the remaining strips with a part of the provided seal and store them at +4°C. and use them within 10 days.

Wash microtiter strip(s) with washing solution, according to washing protocol.

The washing solutions provided must be diluted 200x in aquabidest (5 mega Ohm) water!

Use validated precision pipettes and use a clean pipette tip **before** pipetting the buffer, control, samples, conjugate and substrate.

- Reconstitute directly before use the positive control (purple cap) in 0,5 ml aquabidest (5 mega Ohm water), divide into aliquots, and store immediately at -20 °C until use, avoid freeze and thaw cycles.
- Reconstitute directly before use the negative control (silver cap) in 1,0ml aquabidest (5 mega Ohm water), divide into aliquots, and store immediately at -20 °C until use, avoid freeze and thaw cycles.
- Dilute the positive control (purple cap) starting 1:50 → 1:150 → 1:450 → 1:1350 in ELISA buffer (green cap) in a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).

Example: - A pre-dilution is needed:

- Add 80μl ELISA buffer to **row 1A**, add 20μl of the positive control to the **well 1A** and mix well.
- Add 180µl ELISA buffer to row 2A,
- And 120µl to **2B, 2C, 2D**
- Add 20µl of pre-dilution well 1A in the well 2A and mix well
- Mix well and transfer 60 µl to the well 2B
- Mix well and transfer 60µl to the well 2C
- Mix well and transfer 60µl to the well 2D
- Mix well and discard 60μl.
- 5. Dilute the **negative control** (silver cap) **1:50 in ELISA buffer** (green cap) in a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).

Example: - Add 147μl ELISA buffer to **well 2E**, add 3μl of the negative control to the **well 2E** and mix well.

6. Dilute the **sample 1:150 in ELISA buffer** (green cap) in a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).

Example: - A pre-dilution is needed:

- Add 90µl ELISA buffer to **well 1F**, add 10µl of the sample to the **well 1F** and mix well.
- Add 140 μ l ELISA buffer to **row 2F**, add 10 μ l of pre-dilution **well 1F** in the **well 2F** and mix well.
- 7. Take 2 wells as substrate controls add only 120µl ELISA buffer (green cap) to these wells.
- 8. Transfer $100\mu l$ of all dilutions of <u>row 2</u> to the CDV coated microtiter strips, including the substrate controls.
- 9. Seal and incubate for 60 min at 37°C.
- 10. Wash the strips according to the wash protocol see sub 6.

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- 11. Add 100µl HRPO conjugated anti-species antibodies to all wells.
- 12. Seal and incubate for 60 min at 37°C.
- 13. Wash the strips according to the wash protocol see sub 6.
- 14. Mix equal parts of substrate A (white cap) and substrate B (blue cap) with gentle shaking.

 Prepare immediately before use! Only prepare amount needed. Substrate can only be used for 1-2 hours after being mixed.
- 15. Add 100μl substrate solution to each well.
- 16. Incubate 10-20 min.in the dark (e.g. cover the wells with a sheet of paper) at room temperature (21°C.). Make sure the negative control does not become too dark.
- 17. Add 50μl stop solution to each well; mix well.
- 18. Read the absorbency values immediately (within 10 min!) at 450 nm by using an ELISA reader. Use the substrate controls as blank.

NB: if you pipet directly into the coated ELISA plate with only a small number of samples (<6), make sure the first dilution is done in round bottom microtiter plate second step can be done directly in the coated Elisa plate.

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9. Test protocol quantitative

Before starting this test read "preparations"

1. Open the packet of strips and take out the strips to be used. Cover the remaining strips with a part of the provided seal and store them at +4°C. and use them within 10 days.

Wash microtiter strip(s) with washing solution, according to washing protocol.

The washing solutions provided must be diluted 200x in aquabidest (5 mega Ohm) water!

Use validated precision pipettes and use a clean pipette tip **before** pipetting the buffer, control, samples, conjugate and substrate.

- Reconstitute directly before use the positive control (purple cap) in 0,5 ml aquabidest (5 mega Ohm water), divide into aliquots, and store immediately at -20 °C until use, avoid freeze and thaw cycles.
- Reconstitute directly before use the negative control (silver cap) in 1,0ml aquabidest (5 mega Ohm water), divide into aliquots, and store immediately at -20 °C until use, avoid freeze and thaw cycles
- 4. Make a pre-dilution of the **positive control** (purple cap) in **ELISA buffer** (green cap) in a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).
 - **Example:** Add 80μl ELISA buffer to **row 1A** and add 20μl of the positive control to the well **1A**.
- 5. Make a pre-dilution of the **negative control** (silver cap) **in ELISA buffer** (green cap) in a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).
 - **Example:** Add 80μl ELISA buffer to **row 1B** and add 20μl of the negative control to the well **1B**.
- 6. Make a pre-dilution of **each sample** in **ELISA buffer** (green cap) in a round-bottomed plate (not supplied).
 - **Example:** Add 80μl ELISA buffer to **row 1C** and add 20μl of the sample to the well **1C.**
- 7. Take 2 wells as substrate controls add only 120µl ELISA buffer (green cap) to these wells.
- 8. Add for dilution of the **positive control** 135 μ l ELISA buffer to **row 1A** of the microtiter strip.
 - And 100µl to **1B, 1C, 1D** of the coated microtiter strip.
- 9. Add for dilution of the **negative control** 135 μ l ELISA buffer to **row 1E** the microtiter strip. And 100 μ l to **1F**, **1G**, **1H** of the coated microtiter strip.
- 10. Add for dilution of the samples 135 μ l ELISA buffer to the other row 2A and 2E the microtiter strip.
 - And $100\mu l$ to **2B, 2C, 2D and 2F, 2G, 2H** (depending on the number of samples) of the coated microtiter strip.
- 11. Make a 3-step dilution of the **positive control** in the coated microtiter strip, **starting 1:50** \rightarrow **1:150** \rightarrow **1:450** \rightarrow **1:1350**.
 - Example: Add 15µl positive control from step 4 to the well 1A of the microtiter strip.
 - Mix well and transfer 50 µl to the well 1B
 - Mix well and transfer 50µl to the well 1C
 - Mix well and transfer 50µl to the well 1D

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- Mix well and discard 50µl.

12. Make a 3-step dilution of the negative control in the coated microtiter strip, starting $1:50 \rightarrow 1:150 \rightarrow 1:450 \rightarrow 1:1350$.



- Example: Add 15µl negative control from step 5 to the well 1E of the microtiter strip.
 - Mix well and transfer 50µl to the next well 1F
 - Mix well transfer 50µl to the next well 1G
 - Mix well and transfer 50µl to the well 1H
 - Mix well and discard 50µl.
- 13. Make 3-step dilution of each sample in the coated microtiter strip, starting 1:50 \rightarrow 1:150 \rightarrow 1:450 \rightarrow 1:1350.
 - **Example:** Add 15μl of each sample from step 6 to the well **2A and/or 2E** of the microtiter strip.
 - Mix well and transfer 50 µl to the well 2B and/or 2F
 - Mix well and transfer 50µl to the well 2C and/or 2G
 - Mix well and transfer 50µl to the well 2D and/or 2H
 - Mix well and discard 50μl.
- 14. Add 100µl of the substrate control of step 7 to the last 2 wells of the microtiter strip.
- 15. Seal and incubate for 60 min at 37°C.
- 16. Wash the strips according to the wash protocol see sub 6.
- 17. Add 100µl HRPO conjugated anti-species antibodies to all wells.
- 18. Seal and incubate for 60 min at 37°C.
- 19. Wash the strips according to the wash protocol see sub 6.
- 20. Mix equal parts of substrate A (white cap) and substrate B (blue cap) with gentle shaking.

 Prepare immediately before use! Only prepare amount needed. Substrate can only be used for 1-2 hours after being mixed.
- 21. Add 100µl substrate solution to each well.
- 22. Incubate 10-20 min.in the dark (e.g. cover the wells with a sheet of paper) at room temperature (21°C.). Make sure the negative control does not become too dark.
- 23. Add 50µl stop solution to each well; mix well.
- 24. Read the absorbency values immediately (within 10 min!) at 450 nm by using an ELISA reader. Use the substrate controls as blank.

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10. Precautions

- > Handle all biological material as though capable of transmitting infectious diseases.
- Do not pipette by mouth.
- Do not eat, drink, smoke or prepare foods, or apply cosmetics within the designated working area.
- TMB substrate (buffer B) is toxic by inhalation, through contact with skin or when swallowed; observe care when handling substrate.
- ➤ Do not use components past the expiry date and do not mix components from different serial lots.
- > Optimal, results will be obtained by strict adherence to this protocol. Careful pipetting and washing throughout this procedure are necessary to maintain precision and accuracy.
- Each well is ultimately used as an optical cuvette. Therefore, do not touch the under-surface of the microtiter plate and protect it from damage and dirt.

11. Validation of the test

Qualitative:

- The results are valid if the following criteria are met:
 - The mean value (MV) of the measured OD value for the Positive Control (PC), diluted
 1:50, must be ≥0.850.
 - \circ The MV of the measured OD value for the Negative Control (NC), diluted 1:50, must be ≤0.400.

In case of invalid assays the test should be repeated after a thorough review of the instructions for use.

Calculation

Calculate the mean values (MV) of the measured OD for the Negative Control (NC) and the Positive Control (PC).

The ratio (S/P) of sample OD to mean OD of the positive control is calculated according to the following equation:

$$S/P = \frac{OD_{sample} - MV OD_{NC}}{MV OD_{PC} - MV OD_{NC}}$$

Quantitative:

In order to confirm appropriate test conditions the OD of the positive control, diluted 1:50, should be > 0.850 OD units (450nm)and give an endpoint titer of ≥ 90 .

The negative control, diluted 1:50, should be \leq 0.400 OD units (450nm) and give an endpoint titer of \leq 30.

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12. Interpretation of the test results

This test can be used in 2 ways.

Qualitative: Positive – Negative

- ➤ A sample with the S/P ratio <0.25 is negative.
 - o Specific antibody of Distemper virus could not be detected.
- ➤ A sample with the S/P ratio ≥0.25 is positive.
 - o Specific antibody of Distemper virus were detected.

Quantitative: End point titre

➤ The ELISA titre can be calculated by constructing a curve and using cut-off line(dilution 1:50-150-450 -1350-4050 -12150 etc. total 8 dilutions of 3 steps) OD on Y-as and Titre on X-as Elisa titres can be calculated using as cut-off 2,5 times OD value of negative control at 1:50.

13. Symbols used with EVL ASSAYS

Symbol	English	Deutsch	Français	Español	Italiano
(Ii	Consult instructionsforuse	Gebrauchsanweisung beachten	Consulter les instructions d'utilisation	Consulte las instrucciones de uso	Consultare le istruzioni per l'uso
(€	European Conformity	CE-Konfirmitäts- kennzeichnung	Conformité aux normes européennes	Conformidad europea	Conformità europea
IVD	In vitro diagnostic device	In-vitro-Diagnostikum	Usage Diagnostic in vitro	Para uso Diagnóstico in vitro	Per uso Diagnostica in vitro
RUO	For research use only	Nur für Forschungszwecke	Seulement dans le cadre de recherches	Sólo para uso en investigación	Solo a scopo di ricerca
REF	Catalogue number	Katalog-Nr.	Numéro de catalogue	Número de catálogo	Numero di Catalogo
LOT	Lot. No. / Batch code	Chargen-Nr.	Numéro de lot	Número de lote	Numero di lotto
$\overline{\Sigma}$	Contains sufficient for <n> tests/</n>	Ausreichend für "n" Ansätze	Contenu suffisant pour "n" tests	Contenido suficiente para <n> ensayos</n>	Contenuto sufficiente per "n" saggi
1	Storage Temperature	Lagerungstemperatur	Température de conservation	Temperatura de conservación	Temperatura di conservazione
	Expiration Date	Mindesthaltbarkeits- datum	Date limite d'utilisation	Fecha de caducidad	Data di scadenza
***	Legal Manufacturer	Hersteller	Fabricant	Fabricante	Fabbricante
Distributed by	Distributor	Vertreiber	Distributeur	Distribuidor	Distributore
Content	Content	Inhalt	Conditionnement	Contenido	Contenuto
Volume/No.	Volume / No.	Volumen/Anzahl	Volume/Quantité	Volumen/Número	Volume/Quantità

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